GIM Frontier Markets: Sri Lanka and Vietnam Syllabus

Winter 2019

1/12; 2/2; 2/16; 2/23

9:00 AM-12:00 PM and 1:00 PM-4:00 PM

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GIM Program Purpose and Objectives

GIM Purpose:

To provide Kellogg students with a unique opportunity within the Kellogg academic portfolio:

- To develop a foundation of knowledge about global sectors, economies, and the underlying forces that shape them through classroom learning;
- To apply those classroom learnings and develop independent insights and appreciation for diverse business practices and challenges through business and cultural exposure in country.

GIM Objectives:

- To gain a foundational understanding of the macroeconomic trends, politics, history, and culture of a country or region outside the United States and the impact of these factors on the business climate of those countries.
- To experience through classroom sessions and firsthand through meetings with government officials and business leaders unique insights into the business ecosystems and practices and challenges and opportunities of key business players in a particular country or region.
- To develop an understanding of an evaluative framework related to a particular business topic or issue and learn how to apply this framework to developing markets over both the course of GIM and in the future.
- To develop skills to research and network with relevant organizations on a subtopic related to the course content and work with a small group of peers to engage in independent business meetings with key stakeholders in order to analyze and propose a solution to a particular business problem.
- To collaborate with peers from diverse academic programs; leverage individual experiences, skills, and networks in order to achieve balanced contributions to a group project, an inclusive environment, and obtain a successful academic outcome.
Course Description and Objectives

Frontier markets—countries such as Nigeria, Argentina, Vietnam and Cambodia, whose financial markets are considered insufficiently transparent or liquid to qualify as emerging economies—are home to almost a third of the world’s population. Of the 10 fastest growing economies worldwide, eight are frontier markets, according to HSBC. Half of the countries that global advertising agency, Ogilvy & Mather, determined would be key to middle-class consumer growth over the next decade are frontier markets.

For multinational companies and for portfolio investors, frontier markets represent an unrivaled opportunity to tap into a rare growth story that combines a swelling population, rising incomes, rapidly increasing connectivity, innovative business communities, and surging economic growth. For aspiring business leaders, the frontiers offer a chance to be involved in a growth story that will not only be professionally fulfilling and diverse, but can also have tremendous human, environmental and social impact.

Relatively few are grasping this opportunity, though, deterred by a lack of reliable information and data from the frontiers and a perception that risk is higher than in more-developed markets. This course will guide students through the fog, providing them with a clear understanding of the opportunities and challenges in frontier markets, and a vision for how they can play a part in the development of some of the world’s most exciting economies, businesses, peoples, and ideas.

Attendance Policy

Due to the nature of the GIM program, attendance for all GIM classes is mandatory, as is participation in the 10--day field trip. Attendance at both classes on the first Saturday is also mandatory. If a student misses more than one Saturday throughout the term, one letter grade will be deducted from his or her final grade. Exceptions may be made by the faculty member in cases of extreme circumstances.

Role of the In-Country Advisor

Throughout your GIM trip, you will be accompanied by an in-country advisor, Matthew Temple, who is a staff member at Kellogg. The in-country advisor is responsible for the integrity and quality of the in-country experience. Among other logistical roles during the trip, he will be assessing each student’s level of participation during the plenary meetings and will be assigning 15% of the students’ overall grade.

Kellogg Honor Code

The students of the Kellogg School of Management regard honesty and integrity as qualities essential to the practice and profession of management. The purpose of the Kellogg Honor Code is to promote these qualities so that each student can fully develop his or her individual potential. Upon admission, each student makes an agreement with his or her fellow students to abide by the Kellogg Honor Code. Students who violate the Kellogg Honor Code violate this agreement and must accept the sanction(s) imposed by the Kellogg community.
The Kellogg Honor Code is administered by students and is based on the concept of self-government. The efficacy of such a student-administered honor code is dependent upon a high degree of dedication to the ideals of honesty, integrity and equal opportunity reflected by the code. The Kellogg Honor Code requires that each student act with integrity in all Kellogg activities and that each student hold his or her peers to the same standard. In agreeing to abide by the code, the Kellogg students also agree to report suspected violations. By not tolerating lapses in honesty and integrity, the Kellogg community affirms the importance of these values.

### Course Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Students must sign up for WSJ Frontiers weekly frontier markets newsletter via link at <a href="http://on.wsj.com/frontiers-newsletter">http://on.wsj.com/frontiers-newsletter</a></th>
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### Course Schedule and Assignments

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<th>Week 1/morning</th>
<th>1/12/19</th>
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<td><strong>Topics:</strong></td>
<td>Welcome to the frontier: An introduction to the class, why frontier markets matter, and why everyone who isn’t here will be kicking themselves a decade from now. Student and lecturer introductions.</td>
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<td><strong>Speaker:</strong></td>
<td>Rich Thies, co-portfolio manager at Driehaus’ Frontier Markets Fund</td>
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<th>Week 1/afternoon</th>
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### Topics:

Two sides of the frontier markets coin: Introducing Vietnam and Sri Lanka. They're both stable economies, with robust legal systems and a long history of attracting investment, and they have a strong track record for appealing to investors. But there are plenty of differences between them. We study the two countries’ history and their economic and political structures, and learn about the investment environment in each.

#### Speaker:
TBD

#### Assignments:
- **READ**: Insead case study: Vietnam—a concise profile

### Week 2/morning 2/2/19

#### Topics:
Multinationals in the frontiers. An exploration of the different ways in which multinationals approach or enter frontier markets, and why they choose to do so.

#### Speaker:
Mike Moriarty, Partner, AT Kearney

#### Assignments:
- **Case study**: Insead case, “Unilever in Vietnam: The Perfect Village initiative.”

#### Additional:
Project Proposals due

### Week 2/afternoon 2/2/19

#### Topics:
Impact investing in frontier markets: Two great tastes that taste great together! Cultural sensitivity, ethics and governance in frontier markets: The importance of understanding the local culture—to avoid pitfalls and find new opportunities.

#### Speaker:
Lauren Cochran, Blue Haven Initiative

#### Assignments:
- **Case study**: Blue Haven Initiative: The PEG Africa Investment
- And: Assignment from this class (to be completed by 2/15/18): Identify two key events in Vietnam and Sri Lanka that could have shaped the country’s culture and the behavior and sensitivities of the people. Explain how we
should be sensitive about those events.

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<th>Week 3/morning</th>
<th>2/16/19</th>
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| **Topics:**    | China’s role in the frontier markets  
|                | China is playing an increasingly important role in almost all frontier markets. We look at the spread of China’s influence and assets, dissect its strategy and look at the opportunities it presents for all investors. We’ll also explore the impact “One Belt One Road” (OBOR) will have on Sri Lanka and Vietnam. |
| **Speaker:**   | Paul Domjan, head of research, Exotix |
| **Assignments:** | READ HBR article: “The world’s next great manufacturing center: How Chinese investment is reshaping Africa”  
|                | GAIN FAMILIARITY with the Economist report, One Belt One Road, an Economic Roadmap. |
| **Additional:** | Background Research Review due |

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<td><strong>Topics:</strong></td>
<td>Investing and operating in frontier markets: What to look for, what to avoid, and why. What can we learn from companies’ experiences in more-established emerging markets? How to identify and manage risk.</td>
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| **Speakers:**    | Gavin Serkin, author, “Frontier: Exploring the Top Ten Emerging Markets of Tomorrow”  
|                  | Chris McKee, founder and CEO, the PRS Group |
| **Assignments:** | Come to class prepared to talk about one frontier market that you believe will make significant economic progress within the next decade. Be ready to make a case for your chosen country, citing the positive and negative attributes of the country, its economic prospects, growth drivers, and the risks and hazards that companies or financial organizations investing in that country can expect to encounter. |

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<th>Week 4/morning</th>
<th>2/23/19</th>
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| **Topics:**    | Technology and leapfrogging.  
|                | Blockchain and cryptocurrencies in the frontiers. We’ll engage in a lively workshop session on how blockchain and cryptocurrencies could be deployed in the frontiers, what impact they’ll have, and how people living in frontiers can benefit.  
|                | Students will devise a strategy for deploying blockchain in a frontier market |
and work in teams to build a business rationale for deploying this new technology.

**Speaker:** Rus Newton, Global Advisors
Bill Barhydt, founder and CEO, Abra

**Assignments:** In advance of class, learn about blockchain and cryptocurrencies, their current usage and ideas for what their potential is in global markets.

**Additional:** In-country research plan

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**Week 4/afternoon** 2/23/19

**Topics:** Preparing to visit Vietnam and Sri Lanka: Presentations on company visits planned, an in-depth recap of economic, political and business environment of both countries, and on-the-ground experience from a leading frontier fund manager.

**Speaker:** (Unconfirmed) Steve Mack, Managing Director, Frontaura Capital Management

**Assignments:** Prepare to present on plenary and IPG meetings and on other aspects of our trip to Vietnam and Sri Lanka.

**Additional:**

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### In-Country Field Research - March 20th–March 28th

**Week 9** 4/13/19 9:30-12:30

**Topics:** Debrief of In-Country Experience; IPG presentations

**Speaker:** N/A

**Assignments:** Final project presentations; written report, peer evaluations, and IPG database google sheet information due at 9 AM

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### In-Country Academics

Students are reminded that GIM is first and foremost an academic program. 15% of your overall grade will be based on your participation in the plenary meetings and engagement in other activities as assessed by the in-country advisor. In order to achieve a high grade, students are expected to not only attend all plenary meetings, but to be actively engaged during the meetings and other learning opportunities in country.

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### Assessment
## GIM Research Project

The core of the GIM class is an independent research project. Groups of 4 to 6 students will select an international business, economic or management issue on which to study in depth and present. The students begin secondary research at the start of the course, incorporating perspectives from the class readings and speakers. They will also spend considerable time in-country speaking with resident experts, gathering local data, and testing their hypotheses and recommendations in the field. In general, the project should be based on original research that contributes to an intellectual body of work but also strives to have practical applications for the market.

*(Students must schedule at least five IPG meetings throughout their trip with at least one meeting in every city that class visits on a business day. Students are not obligated to schedule meetings in cities that the class visits only for the weekend.)*

### Research Topics

Student teams typically develop their own research projects, though they will refine their topics with the help and advice of their faculty member. Good GIM projects are generally built around interesting, clear, and relatively narrow research topics. Some titles from successful projects from recent years have included “How Uniqlo’s Brand Positioning and Marketing Strategy Allow the Company to Thrive in China’s Fast Fashion Market” and “Expanding Wine Sales to Middle-Class Brazilians: A Proposal to Concha Y Toro.” Weak GIM projects often have excessively broad or unfocused topics such as “An Overview of the Brazilian Beverage Industry.”

### Project Report Structure

Final reports should be in the form of a Powerpoint or PDF presentation. Total length should be 10-15 pages, excluding exhibits or appendices.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research Project</th>
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<tr>
<td>Background Research</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<tr>
<td>In-Country Research Plan</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<td>In-Class Presentation</td>
<td>15%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Written Report</td>
<td>10%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peer Evaluation</td>
<td>12%</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPG Database Google Sheet</td>
<td>3%</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Participation</strong></td>
<td><strong>50%</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>In-Class Participation (attendance, discussion, engagement)</td>
<td>15%</td>
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<tr>
<td>In-class assignments</td>
<td>20%</td>
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<tr>
<td>In-Country Participation (plenary meeting participation, student role, overall participation; determined by GIM advisor)</td>
<td>15%</td>
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Groups may choose the format of their presentation. Examples of successful formats have included:

- **Traditional analytical research paper** – A research question is described; competing answers to the question are discussed; evidence collected on the trip is used to argue for or against the alternative answers.

- **Industry analysis** – A particular industry is surveyed in order to examine a narrowly focused, well-defined topic pertaining to the competitive dynamics of the industry. An example would be an analysis of a market entry opportunity presented to a foreign multinational.

- **Business recommendation report** – A consulting report recommending specific strategic, operational and organizational actions to solving a clearly defined business issue (e.g.: strategies for overcoming cold-chain logistics and distribution challenges in India.).

- **Business or industry case study** – A case for eventual classroom use developed with a clear underlying business question in mind. Teams pursuing this option are encouraged to work with Case Publishing before and after the trip to ensure a high quality product that may eventually be used in the classroom.

**Project Deliverables**

- **Research Project Proposal** – Each project group will submit a 2-page description of their proposed research topic, including:
  
  - A description of the specific and narrowly-focused research question(s) to be addressed
  - Description of the topic’s importance, timeliness, economic, or social significance
  - Identification of possible in-country visits with companies, governmental agencies, NGOs, etc.

- **Background Research Review** – Before departing for the in-country portion of the class, each project team must submit a review examining secondary information relevant to its research topic. This review may serve as a first draft of the background section of the final project report.

- **In-Country Plan** – This is a detailed matrix of five or more investigative research meetings arranged in country. The best plans will include day/time/location of meeting; name/description of organization; name/title/bio of interviewee; agenda and interview
guide for each meeting.

- **In-Class Presentation** – During the final class, each project group will make a presentation in class summarizing their research findings. The purpose of this deliverable is to allow faculty members and students to learn about and provide feedback on the project groups’ final findings. We will aim for each team to have 15 minutes to present and 5 minutes for audience questions and suggestions.

- **Written Report** – The final report, generally 10-15 pages long, prepared according to one of the formats discussed above. In addition to turning in their papers to their professors, students should submit an electronic copy to the Global Programs Office on the agreed upon date.

- **Peer Evaluation** – Each member within the project group will assess every other member’s contributions to the project, including their own, with a confidential peer review form that takes into account each member’s intellectual contribution, initiative and organization, workload contribution and overall contribution.

- **IPG Database Google Sheet** – Maintained by the Global Programs’ Office, the IPG Database Google Sheet serves as a repository for IPG contact information shared amongst GIM students. About a week before final reports are due, the GPO will be sending out a link to the sheet for each IPG group to fill out with information about their contacts. Please note that the requirement for filling out the google sheet is due at the same time as the written report.